

CLAIMS

1. An analog to digital converter, the converter comprising:
N input channels, where N is a positive integer; a converter for producing a digital
representation of an analog signal supplied to the converter; and a multiplexer,
5 wherein any one or more of the channels can be converted in sequence in response
to a user command, the unselected channels being skipped.
2. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 1, wherein the time
required to convert the sequence of channels defined in the user command is
10 proportional to the number of channels selected by the user in the user command.
3. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 1, wherein within the
sequence the channels are converted in order of channel number and any given
channel is only converted once.
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4. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a
controller for controlling operation of the converter, and wherein user instructions
concerning the sequence of channels to be converted are written to the controller
via a digital interface.
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5. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 1, wherein the digital
representation of the analog signal is associated with the identity of the channel
converted.
- 25 6. An analog to digital converter further comprising a sequencer for
controlling the operation of the multiplexer, and wherein in one mode of operation
the sequencer is responsive to at least an N bit control word, wherein portions of
the control word are associated with individual ones of the channels and define
whether the associated channel is selected for conversion.
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7. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 6, wherein the control word is N bits long with each individual bit being associated with a respective one of the channels.
- 5 8. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 7, in which an ith bit is associated with an ith channel, where i is an integer in the range one to N.
9. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 7, wherein the control word is held in a special purpose register, and outputs of the register are provided
10 to respective inputs of the sequencer
10. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 9, wherein the sequencer includes a plurality of registers arranged so as to form a chain, and wherein each register has an output that can be in either a first state or a second
15 state, and wherein, in use, one register is in the first state and each of the other registers is in the second state.
11. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 10, wherein, in response to a shift signal, the registers sequentially pass the first state along the chain, with
20 each register corresponding to a non-selected channel effectively being by-passed.
12. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 10, wherein each register comprises a latch having an input and an output and is responsive to a clock signal provided at a clock input such that, in response to a predetermined
25 event in the clock signal, the signal at the input is latched by the register and a representation of that signal is provided at the output thereof if the register is selected by a select signal.

13. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 12, wherein each register comprises first and second logic elements, each logic element having an input, an output and a respective clock input, wherein the input of the first logic element serves as an input to the register, the output of the first element is
5 connected to the input of the second element and the output of the second element serves as the output of the register, and wherein the respective clocks of the logic elements are normally driven in anti phase such that when one of the clocks is in a first state, the other clock is in a second state, and vice versa.
- 10 14. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 13, wherein, when the clock is in the first state the output of the logic element tracks the input thereto.
- 15 15. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 14, wherein each register is further responsive to a respective channel select signal and wherein, in the event that the channel is not selected, the clock signal to the first and second logic elements is held in the first state.
- 20 16. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 15, in which when not selected, the respective register acts as a buffer.
17. An analog to digital converter as claimed in claim 10, in which the output of each register is gated such that only the outputs of selected ones of the registers corresponding to selected channels can be propagated to the multiplexer.
- 25 18. A counter circuit, wherein a plurality of logic elements are provided in a chain such that one of a single logic "one" and a single logic "zero" can be sequentially shifted along the chain, and wherein each logic element is further responsive to a respective selection signal such that non-selected logic elements are bypassed.

19. A circuit comprising a plurality of latches arranged such that the output of latch is provided to the input of a subsequent latch, and wherein in a first mode of operation a latch selected by a respective latch mode control signal is arranged to latch a signal received at its input in response to a latch signal, and in a second
5 mode of operation the input at the latch is transferred directly to its output irrespective of the state of the latch control signal.

20. A circuit as claimed in claim 19, wherein the circuit is arranged to sequentially shift a logic "one" through the series of latches, whereby only
10 selected latches as selected by the latch mode control signal participate in the shifting process.

21. A circuit as claimed in claim 19, wherein the circuit is arranged to sequentially shift a logic "one" through a series of latches, whereby unselected
15 latches as defined by a latch mode control signal are effectively bypassed or act as buffers.

22. A circuit as claimed in claim 19, wherein the circuit is arranged to sequentially shift a logic "zero" through the series of latches, whereby only
20 selected latches as selected by the latch mode control signal participate in the shifting process.

23. A circuit as claimed in claim 19, wherein the circuit is arranged to sequentially shift a logic "zero" through a series of latches, whereby unselected
25 latches as defined by a latch mode control signal are effectively bypassed or act as buffers.

24. A circuit as claimed in claim 19, wherein the outputs of the latches are further gated such that only the outputs of selected latches can be output.